INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2010

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Officials

Name	Title Board of Education	Term Expires
	(Before September 2009 Election)	
Eric Bixby Jon Heuer Rhonda Edeker Kristy Lammers Kathy Bruns	President Vice President	2011 2011 2009 2011 2009
	(After September 2009 Election)	
Eric Bixby Jon Heuer Rhonda Edeker Kristy Lammers Scott Bruns	President Vice President	2011 2011 2013 2011 2013

School Officials

Terry Kenealy Superintendent

Noreen Wiegmann

District Secretary/ Treasurer

BRUCE D. FRINK

Certified Public Accountant

Member:

- American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
- Iowa Society of Certified Public Accountants

Services:

- Individual, Partnership and Corporate Tax Preparation
- Year Round Tax Planning
- Electronic Filing
- Payroll & Sales Tax Preparation
- . I.R.S. Representation
- Monthly/Quarterly Write-Up
- Data Processing Services
- Payroll Preparation
- Computerized Financial Statements
- Bank Loan Assistance

Plus:

- Over 30 years of Expertise and Experience
- Evenings & Saturdays Available by Appointment
- Extended Hours During Tax Season

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education of Allison-Bristow Community School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business type activities and each major fund of Allison-Bristow Community School District, Allison, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of District officials. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities and each major fund of Allison-Bristow Community School District at June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The voters of the District agreed to a reorganization with the Greene Community School District effective July 1, 2011.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated January 17, 2011 on our consideration of Allison-Bristow Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison Information and the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health on pages 4 through 12 and 34 through 36 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

202 Central Avenue East P.O. Box 241 Clarion, IA 50525 Phone: (515) 532-6659 Fax: (515) 532-3677 bruce@frinkcpa.com Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Allison-Bristow Community School District's basic financial statements. We previously audited in accordance with the standards referred to in the second paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the six years ended June 30, 2009 (which are not presented herein) and expressed unqualified opinions on those financial statements. Other supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 3, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Bruce D. Frish

BRUCE D. FRINK
Certified Public Accountant

January 17, 2011

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Allison-Bristow Community School District provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow.

2010 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- General Fund revenues decreased from \$3,273,560 in fiscal 2009 to \$3,160,888 in fiscal 2010 (a three percent decrease), while General Fund expenditures increased from \$3,309,917 in fiscal 2009 to \$3,416,789 in fiscal 2010 (a three percent increase). The District's General Fund balance decreased from \$339,780 in fiscal 2009 to \$83,879 in fiscal 2010, (a 75 percent decrease).
- Increased expenditures were primarily due to annual salary increases. Total revenues decreased primarily as a result of a ten percent midyear cut in state funding.
- The District's Certified Enrollment decreased from 304.0 students in October 2008 to 296.1 students in October 2009.
- Whole grade sharing with Greene Community School District of grades 5-12 began July 1, 2004. Instructional costs, transportation (excluding extra curricular) are shared on a prorata basis of students enrolled from each district in grades 5-12. The voters of both districts approved reorganization beginning July 1, 2011.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the District's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statements consist of a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of Allison-Bristow Community School District as a whole and present an overall view of the District's finances.

The Fund Financial Statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report Allison-Bristow Community School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which Allison-Bristow Community School District acts solely as an agent or custodian for the benefit of those outside of the District.

Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year as well as presenting the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan.

Other Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the Student Activity Funds and Private Purpose Trust as well as a multiyear comparison of revenues and expenditures.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

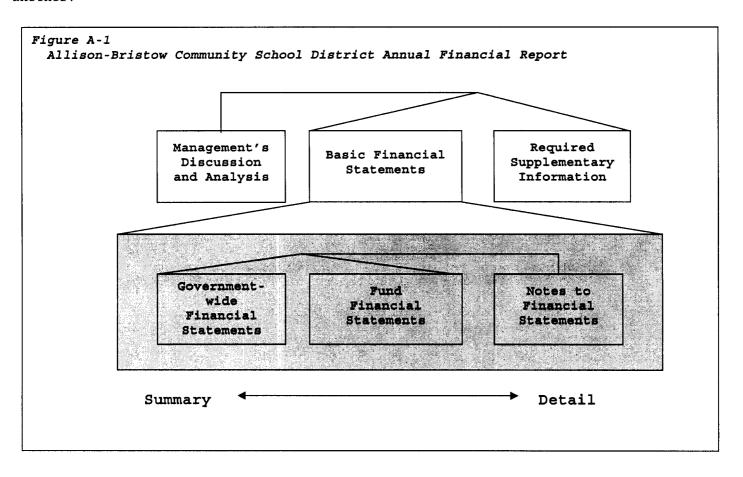


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain.

Figure A-2
Major Features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Government-wide		Fund Statements	
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Fund	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activity the District operates similar to private businesses: food services	Instances in which the district administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs
Required financial statements	Statement of net assetsStatement of activities	 Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances 	• Statement of net assets • Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets • Statement of cash flows	• Statement of fiduciary net assets • Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Assets includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets - the difference between the District's assets and liabilities - are one way to measure the District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating. To assess the District's overall health, additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities, need to be considered.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property tax and state aid finance most of these activities.
- Business type activities: The District charges fees to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's school nutrition program is included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. The District has chosen to treat all funds as "major" for clarity of reporting.

Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as accounting for student activity funds, or to show that it is properly using certain revenues, such as federal grants.

The District has three kinds of funds:

1) Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

The District's governmental funds include the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service and the Capital Projects Fund.

The required financial statements for governmental funds include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

2) Proprietary funds: Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the government-wide financial statements. The District's Enterprise Funds, one type of proprietary fund, are the same as its business type activities but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The District currently has one Enterprise Fund, the School Nutrition Fund.

The required financial statements for proprietary funds include a statement of net assets, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets and a statement of cash flows.

- 3) Fiduciary funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others. These funds include Private-Purpose Trust Funds.
 - Private-Purpose Trust Fund The District accounts for outside donations for scholarships for individual students in this fund.

The District is responsible for ensuring the assets reported in the fiduciary funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

The required financial statements for fiduciary funds include a statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets.

Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements follow the fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Figure A-3 below provides a summary of the District's net assets for the year ended June 30, 2010 compared to June 30, 2009.

				Figure A-3			
		C	Condensed S	tatement o	f Net Asse	ts	
			(Expre	ssed in Tho	usands)		
	Govern	mental	Busines	в Туре	Tot	al	Total
	Activi	ties	Activi	ties	Dist	cict	Change
	June	30,	June	30,	June	30,	June 30,
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2009-2010
Current assets	\$ 2,624	2,604	3	17	2,627	2,621	0.23%
Capital assets	2,174	2,208			2,174	2,208	~ <u>1.54</u> %
Total assets	4,798	4,812	3	17	4,801	4,829	- <u>0.58</u> %
Current liabilities	1,580	1,437	1	16	1,581	1,453	8.81%
Non-current liabilities	543	575			543	575	- <u>5.57</u> %
Total liabilities	2,123	2,012	1	16	2,124	2,028	4.738
Net Assets							
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt	1,659	1,633	-	-	1,659	1,633	1.59%
Restricted	856	750	-	-	856	750	14.13%
Unrestricted	160	417	2	1	162	418	- <u>61.24</u> %
Total net assets	\$ 2,675	2,800	2	1	2,677	2,801	-4.43%

The District's net assets decreased by approximately \$124,000 during the year ended June 30, 2010. Unrestricted assets decreased due to a \$255,000 decrease in the General Fund. The decrease in the General Fund was due primarily to a ten percent midyear cut in state source revenues. Restricted assets were used to purchase capital assets and pay off debt resulting in an increase in capital asset investment.

Figure A-4 shows the changes in net assets for the years ended June 30, 2010 compared to the year ended June 30, 2009.

				Figure A-4			
			Change	s in Net A	ssets		
			(Expres	sed in Tho	usands)		
	Governm	ental	Busines	з Туре	Tota	al	Total
	Activi	ties	Activi	ties	School D	istrict	Change
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2009-2010
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for service and sales	\$ 352	421	99	87	451	508	-11.22%
Operating grants,							
contributions and interest	711	556	71	68	782	624	25.32%
General revenues:							
Property tax	1,303	1,276	-	-	1,303	1,276	2.12%
Income surtax	107	107	-	-	107	107	0.00%
Statewide sales, services							
and use tax	111	152	-	-	111	152	-26.97%
Unrestricted state grants	1,017	1,143	-	-	1,017	1,143	-11.02%
Unrestricted investment							
earnings	1	4	-	-	1	4	~75.00%
Other	13	10			13	10	30.00%
Total revenues	3,615	3,669	170	155	3,785	3,824	- <u>66.78</u> %
Program expenses:							
Governmental activities:							
Instruction	2,519	2,376	-	-	2,519	2,376	6.02%
Support Services	975	1,073	-	-	975	1,073	-9.13%
Non-instructional programs	-	5	169	163	169	168	0.60%
Other expenses	245	241			245	241	1.66%
Total expenses	3,739	3,695	169	163	3,908	3,858	1.30%
Change in net assets	\$ (124)	(26)	1	(8)	(123)	(34)	261.76%

Property tax and unrestricted state grants account for 61% of the total revenue. The District's expenses primarily related to instruction and support services, which account for 89% of the total expenses. Expenses increased in the instructional area by over \$140,000. Expenses in administration and non-classroom areas decreased as the District continues to find ways to expand educational opportunities in the face of static or decreasing funding.

Governmental Activities

Revenues for governmental activities were \$3,614,899 and expenses were \$3,739,185 for the year ended June 30, 2010.

The following table presents the total and net cost of the District's major governmental activities, instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenses, for the year ended June 30, 2010 compared to the year ended June 30, 2009.

		To	otal and	Figure Net Cost of Go (Expressed in	vernmental A	ctivities	
	 Total	Cos	st of Ser	vices	Net C	ost of Serv	ices
	 2010		2009	Change 2009-2010	2010	2009	Change 2009-2010
Instruction	\$ 2,519	\$	2,376	6.02%	1,595	1,528	4.38%
Support services	975		1,073	-9.13%	967	1,053	-8.17%
Non-instructional programs	-		5	-100.00%	_	5	-100.00%
Other expenses	 245		241	1.66%	115	131	-12.21%
Total	\$ 3,739		3,695	1.19%	2,677	2,717	-1.47%

For the year ended June 30, 2010:

- The cost financed by users of the District's programs was \$351,580 (17% decrease).
- Federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions totaling \$711,111. This was an increase from FY09, primarily as a result of using federal revenues to replace state foundation aid.
- The net cost of governmental activities was financed with \$1,303,046 in property tax and \$1,017,369 in state foundation aid. Foundation aid decreased by over \$125,000 from FY09.

Business Type Activities

Revenues for the District's School Nutrition Fund were \$169,964 and expenses were \$168,944 The revenues include charges for services and federal and state reimbursements.

FUND ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As previously noted, Allison-Bristow Community School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds, as well. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$951,973, which is 12% less than last year's ending fund balance of \$1,080,991.

Governmental Fund Highlights

- Governmental Funds decreased as a whole. The General Fund decreased by over \$255,000 due to a midyear cut in state source revenues. The District was forced to use existing reserves due to the timing of the cut.
- Continuing cost savings were realized due to whole grade sharing with the Greene Community School District.
- The District continues to closely monitor spending in all funds, especially the General Fund.

- The District focused more of its spending on direct instruction costs.
- Statewide sales, services and use tax continue to pay for debt reduction and infrastructure projects.

Proprietary Fund Highlights

School Nutrition Fund net assets increased from \$1,246 at June 30, 2009 to \$2,266 at June 30, 2010. Cost containment measures were primarily responsible for the increase.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds. Although the budget document presents functional area expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not at the fund or fund type level. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

It is the District's practice, as is in most Iowa school district, to budget expenditures at or about the maximum authorized spending. As a result, the District's certified budget should always exceed the actual expenditures for the year. During fiscal year 2010, budgeted expenditures exceeded actual expenditures in the instruction and non-instructional programs functions. The District did not exceed its unspent authorized budget.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The District has invested more than \$2.1 million (net of depreciation) by the end of fiscal year 2010 in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, athletic facilities, kitchen, computers and audio-visual equipment, maintenance equipment, school buses and other vehicles, library holdings, and textbooks. Total depreciation expenses for the year exceeded \$114,000.

			(Figure A-6 Statement o ssed in Tho	f Net Asset	:s		
		Governmental Activities		Busines Activ		Tot: Distr		Total Change	
		June	30,	June	30,	June 30,		June 30,	
	2	010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2009-2010	
Land	\$	38	38	_	-	38	38	0.00%	
Buildings	1	, 952	2,013	-	-	1,952	2,013	-3.03%	
Furniture and equipment		184	157			184	157	17.20%	
Totals	\$ 2	,174	2,208	_	-	2,174	2,208	-1.54%	

Long-Term Debt

The District had \$515,000 in revenue bonds outstanding that were issued in June, 2007. These bonds are being paid with proceeds of the statewide sales, services and use tax.

	Obligations (sands)	
Tota	Total	
Distr	ict	Change
June	30,	June 30,
2010	2009	2009-2010
	(Expr Tota Distr June	(Expressed in Thou Total District June 30,

Revenue bonds

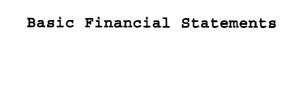
ECONOMIC FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- The voters of the District approved to reorganize with the Greene Community School District to form the North Butler Community School District effective July 1, 2011.
- The District continues to update its facilities in order to provide the best learning environment possible.
- To offset the impact of declining enrollment, the State has provided a budget guarantee provision for districts. This budget guarantee provision is being phased out over a 10- year period. The District was on budget guarantee for fiscal year 2010 and will continue to be on budget guarantee for several years to come. Due to previous and continued declining enrollment, the amount of this reduction due to the phase out of the budget guarantee will likely grow over the next several years.
- State aid cuts and uncertain future funding continue to create pressures for the District to explore obtaining sources of income such as grants in order to maintain current programs.
- The District will continue to be required to comply with unfunded and under funded mandates from the federal and state governments such as the federal No Child Left Behind Act and the state Student Achievement and Teacher Quality Initiative. This will require the District to find ways to provide services in the areas of assessment and professional development, which will divert funds from other student service areas.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Noreen Wiegmann, District Secretary/Treasurer and Business Manager, Allison-Bristow Community School District, 513 Birch Street, Allison, Iowa 50602.



Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2010

		Business Type Activities	
	Governmental	School	
	Activities	Nutrition	Total
Assets			
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 1,213,297	1,304	1,214,601
Receivables:			
Property tax:			
Current year	40,661	-	40,661
Succeeding year	1,237,018	-	1,237,018
Income surtax - succeeding year	94,561	-	94,561
Due from other governments	37,515	-	37,515
Other receivables	1,307	117	1,424
Inventories	-	1,533	1,533
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	2,173,788		2,173,788
Total assets	4,798,147	2,954	4,801,101
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	316,487	688	317,175
Accrued interest payable	1,829	-	1,829
Deferred revenue:	2,025		1,010
Succeeding year property tax	1,237,018	-	1,237,018
Federal programs	24,320	_	24,320
Long-term liabilities:	21,525		-1,0-0
Portion due within one year:			
Revenues bonds payable	65,000	_	65,000
Early retirement	20,799	_	20,799
Portion due after one year:	20,.55		20,.55
Net OPEB liability	7,367	_	7,367
Revenues bonds payable	450,000	~	450,000
Total liabilities	2,122,820	688	2,123,508
TOTAL TIABILITIES			2,123,300
Net assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,658,788	-	1,658,788
Restricted for:	222 050		222 050
Management levy	233,950	-	233,950
Student activities	24,217	-	24,217
Physical plant and equipment levy	233,525	-	233,525
Capital projects	353,774	-	353,774
Categorical funding	10,748	2 200	10,748
Unrestricted	160,325	2,266	162,591
Total net assets	\$ 2,675,327	2,266	2,677,593

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2010

		Progre	Program Revenues	Net and C	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	nue ssets
			Operating Grants, Contributions			
		Charges for	and Restricted	Governmental	Ä	
	Expenses	Service	Interest	Activities	Activities	Total
Functions/Programs						
Governmental activities:						
Instruction	\$ 2,518,844	351,580	572,403	(1,594,861)	1	(1,594,861)
Support services:						
Student services	8,039	1	l	(8,039)	ı	(8,039)
Instructional staff services	82,904	1	I	(82,904)	I	(82,904)
Administration services	458,942	1	ı	(458,942)	ı	(458,942)
Operation and maintenance of plant services	213,593	1	8,534	(202,059)	I	(205,059)
Transportation services	211,822	1	1	(211,822)	1	(211,822)
	975,300	i	8,534	(996, 766)	1	(996,766)
Other expenditures:						
AEA flowthrough	129,679	,	129,679	1	ı	ı
Facilities acquisition and construction	1	1	495	495	ı	495
Long-term debt services	400	ı	1	(400)	ı	(400)
Long-term debt interest	24,206	1	1	(24,206)	1	(24,206)
Depreciation (unallocated)*	90,756	1	1	(90,756)	1	(90,756)
	245,041	F	130,174	(114,867)	1	(114,867)
Total governmental activities	3,739,185	351,580	711,111	(2,676,494)	1	(2,676,494)

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2010

		Progre	Program Revenues	Net and C	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Asse	renue Assets
		Charges for	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted	Governmental	Business Type	
	Expenses	Service	Interest	Activities	Activities	Total
Business type activities: Non-instructional programs: Nutrition services	168,944	98,530	71,434	1	1,020	1,020
Total	\$ 3,908,129	450,110	782,545	(2,676,494)	1,020	(2,675,474)
General revenues:						
Property tax levied for:						
General purposes				\$ 1,014,847	1	1,014,847
Management levy				199,104	1	199,104
Capital outlay				89,095	•	89,095
Income surtax				107,504	ı	107,504
Statewide sales, services and use tax				109,467	t	109,467
Unrestricted state grants				1,017,369	i	1,017,369
Unrestricted investment earnings				1,923	1	1,923
Other				12,899		12,899
Total general revenues				2,552,208	1	2,552,208
Change in net assets				(124,286)	1,020	(123,266)
Net assets beginning of year				2,799,613	1,246	2,800,859
Net assets end of year				\$ 2,675,327	2,266	2,677,593

^{*} This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2010

Total	1,213,297	40,661 1,237,018 94,561 37,515 1,307	2,624,359	316,487	24,320 1,237,018 94,561 1,672,386	10,748	355,603 512,491 73,131 951,973	2,624,359
Student Activity	23,454	1,307	24,761	544	. 1 - 40.	i	24,217	24,761
Management Levy	251,935	3,244	355,179	430	100,000	ı	254,749	355,179
Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	232,138	1,387	327,792	ı	94,267	ı	233,525	327,792
Capital Projects	350,152	5,451	355,603	•	1 1 1 1	ı	355,603	355,603
General	\$ 355,618	36,030 1,042,751 94,561 32,064	\$ 1,561,024	\$ 315,513	24,320 1,042,751 94,561 1,477,145	10,748	- 73,131 83,879	\$ 1,561,024

Assets

Cash and pooled investments
Receivables:
Property tax:
Current year
Succeeding year
Income surtax - succeeding year
Due from other governments
Other receivables

Total assets

Liabilities:
Accounts payable
Deferred revenue:
Federal programs
Succeeding year property tax
Succeeding year income surtax

Fund balances:

Total liabilities

Reserved for:

Categorical spending Unreserved, reported in:

Capital projects fund Special revenue funds General fund

Total fund balances

Total liabilities and fund balances

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Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2010

Total fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit C)

\$ 951,973

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:

Income surtax receivable at June 30, 2010 is not recognized as income until received in the governmental funds, however it is shown as a receivable in the Statement of Net Assets.

94,561

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.

2,173,788

Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.

(1,829)

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Net OPEB liability Early retirement Revenue bonds payable (7,367) (20,799)

(515,000)

(543,166)

Net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit A)

\$ 2,675,327

ALLISON-BRISTOW COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Fund Types

Year ended June 30, 2010

Student Activity Total		- 1,515,436	40,755 75,352	- 1,394,580 - 273,370	40,755 3,608,338			41,105 2,490,678		- 8,039	- 82,904	- 458,942	- 294,266	188,037	1,032,188
Management Stu Levy Act	60	199,104	7,983 4	143	207,230			1		ı	ı	85,980	•	537	86,517
Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	ш С С	680,88	347	61	89,503			4,067		1	15,531	I	9,095	i	24,626
Capital Projects		109,4601 -	495	1 1	109,962			1		1	1	1	73,874	5,567	79,441
Debt		1 1	1	1 1	1			1		ì	1	1	I	1	1
General		351,580	25,772	1,394,376	3,160,888			2,445,506		8,039	67,373	372,962	211,297	181,933	841,604
	Revenues: Local sources:	Local tax Tuition	Other	State sources Federal sources	Total revenues	Expenditures:	Current:	Instruction	Support services:	Student services	Instructional staff services	Administration services	Operation and maintenance of plant services	Transportation services	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Fund Types

Year ended June 30, 2010

	General	Debt	Capital Projects	Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	Management Levy	Student Activity	Total
Other expenditures: AEA flowthrough Long-term debt:	129,679	ı	ı	1	1	ı	129,679
Services Principal	1 1	400	1 (1 1	1 1	1 1	400
Interest Facilities acquisition and construction	1 1	24,411	1 1	1 1	1 1	l I I	24,411
	129,679	84,811	1	ř		1	214,490
Total expenditures	3,416,789	84,811	79,441	28,693	86,517	41,105	3,737,356
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(255,901)	(84,811)	30,521	60,810	120,713	(350)	(129,018)
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	1 1 1	84,811	- (84,811) (84,811)	1 1	1 1	1 1 1 .	84,811 (84,811)
Change in fund balances	(255,901)	ı	(54,290)	60,810	120,713	(320)	(129,018)
Fund balances beginning of year	339,780	1	409,893	172,715	134,036	24,567	1,080,991
Fund balances end of year	\$ 83,879	1	355,603	233,525	254,749	24,217	951,973

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2010

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit E)

\$ (129,018)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the State of Activities are different because:

Income surtaxes not collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds and are included as deferred revenues. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statement of activities
This amounts represents the change from FY09 to FY10

6,561

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, those costs are not reported as capital assets in the Statement of Net Activities and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. The amounts of capital outlays and depreciation expense in the year are as follows:

Capital outlays
Depreciation expense

\$ 80,673

(114,541)

(33,868)

Repayment of long-term debt liabilities is an expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liablities in the Statement of Net Assets. Current year repayments are as follows:

Repayments

60,000

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

Early retirement

(20,799)

Other postemployment benefits

(7,367)

(28,166)

Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when due. In the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.

205

Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit B)

\$ (124,286)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets $\hbox{Proprietary Fund}$

Year ended June 30, 2010

	School Nutrition
Operating revenue:	
Local sources:	
Charges for services	\$ 98,530
Operating expenses:	
Non-instructional programs:	
Food service operations:	
Salaries	65,181
Benefits	9,307
Services	1,901
Supplies	92,555
Total operating expenses	168,944
Operating (loss)	(70,414)
Non-operating revenues:	
State sources	1,676
Federal sources	69,741
Interest income	17
	71,434
Changes in net assets	1,020
Net assets beginning of year	1,246
Net assets end of year	\$ 2,266

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2010

	School trition
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from sale of lunches and breakfasts	\$ 98,488
Cash payments to employees for services	(74,488)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	(99,977)
Net cash (used by) operating activities	 (75,977)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:	
State grants received	1,676
Federal grants received	 59,970
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	 61,646
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest on investments	 17
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(14,314)
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	 15,618
Cash and cash equivalents end of year	\$ 1,304
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by	
operating activities:	
Operating (loss)	\$ (70,414)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:	
Commodities used	9,771
(Increase) in other receivables	(42)
(Decrease) in accounts payable	(15,292)
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ (75,977)

Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2010, the District received federal commodities valued at \$9,771.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

Year ended June 30, 2010

	Private PurposeTrusts
	Scholarships
Assets	
Cash	\$ 42,708
Total assets	42,708
Net Assets	
Reserved for scholarships	42,708
Total net assets	\$ 42,708

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

Year ended June 30, 2010

	Private Purpose Trusts
	Scholarships
Additions:	
Local sources: Miscellaneous	\$ 1,803
Total additions	1,803
Deductions: Support services:	
Scholarships	2,400
Total deductions	2,400
Change in net assets	(597)
Net assets beginning of year	43,305
Net assets end of year	\$ 42,708

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Allison-Bristow Community School District is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates public schools for children in grades kindergarten through twelve. The geographic area served includes the Cities of Allison and Bristow, Iowa, and agricultural area in Butler County. The District is governed by a Board of Education whose members are elected on a non-partisan basis. The District is involved in two-way whole grade sharing agreement with the Greene Community School District involving grades five through twelve.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Allison-Bristow Community School District has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District. Allison-Bristow Community School District has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

Jointly Governed Organizations - The District participates in a jointly governed organization that provides services to the District but does not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The District is a member of the Butler County Assessor Conference Board.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the District's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The District has elected to treat all funds as major funds for clarity of presentation.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other revenues not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenditures, including instructional, support and other costs.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities.

The Student Activity Fund is used to account for extra curricular activities conducted on behalf of the students.

The Physical Plant and Equipment Levy is used to purchase equipment (over \$500 per item) and for major repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds. It is funded primarily through a combination of property tax and income surtax.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on the District's long-term debt.

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

The District's proprietary fund is the Enterprise, School Nutrition Fund. This fund is used to account for the food service operations of the District.

The District also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net assets and changes in net assets. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

The Private Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for assets held by the District under trust agreements which require income earned to be used for scholarship payments.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The proprietary fund of the District applies all applicable GASB pronouncements, as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's Enterprise Fund is charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The District maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statements of the District are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

<u>Cash</u>, <u>Pooled Investments and Cash Equivalents</u> - The cash balances of most District funds are pooled and invested. Investments are stated at fair value except for the investment in Iowa Schools Joint Investment Trust which is valued at amortized cost and non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months.

<u>Property Tax Receivable</u> - Property tax in governmental funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget by April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year become effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½ per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2008 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April, 2009.

<u>Due From Other Governments</u> - Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items and government commodities. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased or received.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class	Amount
Land	\$ 1,000
Buildings	10,000
Improvements other than buildings	10,000
Furniture and equipment:	
School Nutrition Fund equipment	10,000
Other furniture and equipment	10,000

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives (In Years)
ABBCC CIABB	(III ICAIS)
Buildings	50 years
Improvements other than buildings	20-50 years
Furniture and equipment	5-15 years

Deferred Revenue - Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements represents the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue consists of unspent grant proceeds as well as property tax receivables and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year-end.

Deferred revenue in the Statement of Net Assets consists of succeeding year property tax receivable and unspent grant proceeds that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Compensated Absences - District employees accumulated a limited amount of earned but unused vacation for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees that have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability is deemed to be immaterial at June 30, 2010.

 $\underline{\text{Fund Equity}}$ - In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance are reported for amounts that are not available for appropriation or legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

Restricted Net Assets - In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, net assets are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

E. Budgeting and Budgetary Control

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2010, expenditures in the instruction and non-instructional programs functions exceeded the amounts budgeted. The District did not exceed the General Fund unspent authorized budget.

(2) Cash and Pooled Investments

The District's deposits in banks at June 30, 2010 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

At June 30, 2010, the District had investments in the Iowa Schools Joint Investment Trust. Direct Government Obligations Portfolios are valued at an amortized cost of \$915,281 pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Credit risk - The investment in the Iowa Schools Joint Investment Trust were rated Aaa by Moody's Investors Services.

(3) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

	Balance Beginning of Year	Increases	Decreases	Balance End of Year
Governmental activities: Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 37,525			37,525
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Furniture and Equipment Total capital assets being depreciated	3,270,932 595,587 3,866,519	80,673 80,673	<u>-</u>	3,270,932 676,260 3,947,192
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Furniture and Equipment Total accumulated depreciation	1,257,376 439,012 1,696,388	52,724	<u>-</u>	1,319,193 491,736 1,810,929
Total capital assets being depreciated, net Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$ 2,207,656	(33,868)	~	2,136,263

	Beg	alance ginning Year	Increases	Decreases	E	alance nd of Year
Business type activities:						
Furniture and equipment	\$	55,064	-	_		55,064
Less accumulated depreciation		55,064	_	-		55,064
Business type activities capital assets, net	\$	_	-	_		_
Depreciation expense was charged to the followork Governmental activities: Support services: Transportation Unallocated	wing	function	ns:		\$ 	23,785 90,756 114,541
Business Type activities: Food service operations					s s	

(4) Pension and Retirement Benefits

The District contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, PO Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 4.30% of their annual salary and the District is required to contribute 6.65% of annual covered salary. Contribution requirements are established by State statute. The District's contribution to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$143,794, \$105,328 and \$95,355 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

(5) Area Education Agency

The District is required by the Code of Iowa to budget for its share of special education support, media and educational services provided through the area education agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$129,679 for year ended June 30, 2010 and is recorded in the General Fund by making a memorandum adjusting entry to the cash basis financial statements.

(6) Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2010 are summarized as follows:

	Early <u>Retirement</u>	Revenue Bonds	Net OPEB Liability	Total
Balance beginning of year Additions Reductions	\$ - 20,799 ————	575,000 - 60,000	7,367 	575,000 28,166 60,000
Balance end of year	\$ <u>20,799</u>	<u>515,000</u>	7,367	543,166

Details of the District's June 30, 2010 statewide sales, services use tax revenue bond Anticipation Project Notes are as follows:

Year Ending	Bond Issue of June, 2007								
June 30,	Interest Rates	Tritoroat	Deinging	m-+-1					
	Rates	Interest	Principal	Total					
2011	4.125%	\$21,951	65,000	86,951					
2012	4.150	19,270	65,000	84,270					
2013	4.200	16,572	70,000	86,572					
2014	4.250	13,633	75,000	88,633					
2015	4.300	10,445	75,000	85,445					
2016	4.350	7,220	80,000	87,220					
2017	4.400	3,740	85,000	88,740					
Total		\$ <u>92,831</u>	<u>515,000</u>	<u>607,831</u>					

The District has pledged future statewide sales, services and use tax revenues to repay the \$690,000 bonds issued in June 2007. The bonds were issued for the purpose of financing a portion of the costs of remodeling. The bonds are payable solely from the proceeds of the statewide sales, services and use tax revenues received by the District and are payable through 2017. The bonds are not a general obligation of the District. However, the debt is subject to the constitutional debt limitation of the District. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require nearly 55 percent of the statewide sales, services and use tax revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the notes is \$692,243. For the current year \$86,841 of principal and interest was paid on the bonds and total statewide sales, services and use tax revenues were \$156,731.

The resolution providing for the issuance of the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue bonds includes the following provisions:

- a. \$69,000 of the proceeds from the issuance of the revenue bonds are deposited in a reserve account to be used solely for the purpose of paying principal and interest on the bonds if insufficient money is available in the sinking account. The balance of the proceeds shall be deposited to the project account.
- b. All proceeds from the statewide sales, services and use tax shall be place in a revenue account.
- c. Monies in the revenue account shall be disbursed to make deposits into a sinking account to pay the principal and interest requirements of the revenue bonds for the fiscal year.
- d. Any monies remaining in the revenue account after the required transfer to the sinking account may be transferred to the project account to be used for any lawful purpose.

The District had \$341,510 in the required reserve account at June 30, 2010.

(7) Interfund Transfers

The detail of Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2010 is as follows:

Transfer to	Transfer from	Amount
Debt Service	Capital Projects	\$ <u>84,811</u>

Transfers generally move revenues from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to expend the resources.

(8) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> - The District operates a single-employer retiree benefit plan which provides medical and prescription drug benefits for retirees and their spouses. There are 27 active members and 3 retired members in the plan. Participants must be age 55 or older at retirement.

The medical/prescription drug benefits are provided through a fully-insured plan with Wellmark. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefit as active employees, which result in an implicit subsidy and an OPEB liability.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the District. The District currently finances the retiree benefits plan on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation - The District's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the District, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding which, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year ended June 30, 2010, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$10,635
Interest on net OPEB Obligation	-
Adjustment to annual required contribution	-
Annual OPEB Cost	10,635
Contributions made	(3,268)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	7,367
Net OPEB obligation beginning of year	
Net OPEB obligation end of year	\$ 7,367

For calculation of the net OPEB obligation, the actuary has set the transition day as July 1, 2009. The end of the year net OPEB obligation was calculated by the actuary as the cumulative difference between the actuarially determined funding requirements and the actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2010.

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2010 are summarized as follows:

	Percentage of			
Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation	
June 30, 2010	\$10,635	30.7%	\$7,367	

Funded Status and Funding Progress - As of July 1, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date for the period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010, the actuarial accrued liability was \$117,976, with no actuarial value of assets, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$117,976. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was approximately \$2,265,000 and the ratio of the UAAL to covered payroll was 5.2%. As of June 30, 2010, there were no trust fund assets.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress presented as Required Supplementary Information, in the section following the Notes to Financial Statements, present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

As of the July 1, 2009 actuarial valuation date, the unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions includes a 2.5% discount rate based on the District's funding policy. The projected annual medical trend rate is 6%. The ultimate medical trend rate is 6%.

Mortality rates are from the RP2000 Group Annuity Mortality Table, applied on a gender-specific basis. Annual retirement and termination probabilities were developed from the retirement probabilities fro the IPERS Actuarial Report as of June 30, 2007 and applying the termination factors used in the IPERS Actuarial Report as of June 30, 2007.

Projected claim costs of the medical plan are \$472 per month for retirees less than age 65 and \$542 per month for retirees who have attained age 65. The salary increase rate was assumed to be 4% per year. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll expense on an open basis over 30 years.

(9) Reorganization

In September, 2010, the voters of the Allison-Bristow and Greene Community School Districts approved to a reorganization effective July 1, 2011. The new district will be known as the North Butler Community School District.

(10) Early Retirement

The District offers an early retirement plan to licensed employees between 55 and 62 who have completed 15 years of service to the District. The amount to be paid is equal to 50% of their current years salary to be paid in one lump sum payment in July following retirement. The amount payable at June 30, 2010 is \$20,799.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in Balances -Budget and Actual - All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Fund

Required Supplementary Information

Year ended June 30, 2010

	Governmental Fund Type Actual	Proprietary Fund Type Actual	Total Actual	Budget Amount Original Fin	Amount Final	Final to Actual Variance
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$ 1,940,388	98,547	2,038,935	2,160,848	2,160,848	(121,913)
State sources	1,394,580	1,676	1,396,256	1,946,873	1,946,873	(550,617)
Federal sources	273,370	69,741	343,111	187,000	187,000	156,111
Total revenues	3,608,338	169,964	3,778,302	4,294,721	4,294,721	(516,419)
Expenditures/Expenses:						
Instruction	2,490,678	i	2,490,678	2,240,000	2,240,000	(250,678)
Support services	1,032,188	ı	1,032,188	1,682,000	1,682,000	649,812
Non-instructional programs	1	168,944	168,944	164,000	164,000	(4,944)
Other expenditures	214,490	1	214,490	562,353	562,353	347,863
Total expenditures/expenses	3,737,356	168,944	3,906,300	4,648,353	4,648,353	742,053
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures/expenses	(129,018)	1,020	(127,998)	(353,632)	(353,632)	225,634
Other financing sources (uses)	1	1	1	(000'06)	(000'06)	000'06
<pre>Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures/ expenses and other financing uses</pre>	(129,018)	1,020	(127,998)	(443,632)	(443,632)	315,634
Balance beginning of year	1,080,991	1,246	1,082,237	984,442	984,442	97,795
Balance end of year	\$ 951,973	2,266	954,239	540,810	540,810	413,429

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

Year ended June 30, 2010

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standard Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds, except Private Purpose Trust and Agency Funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on a GAAP basis.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund. These four functions are instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenditures. Although the budget document presents function expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not by fund. The Code of Iowa also provides that District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula.

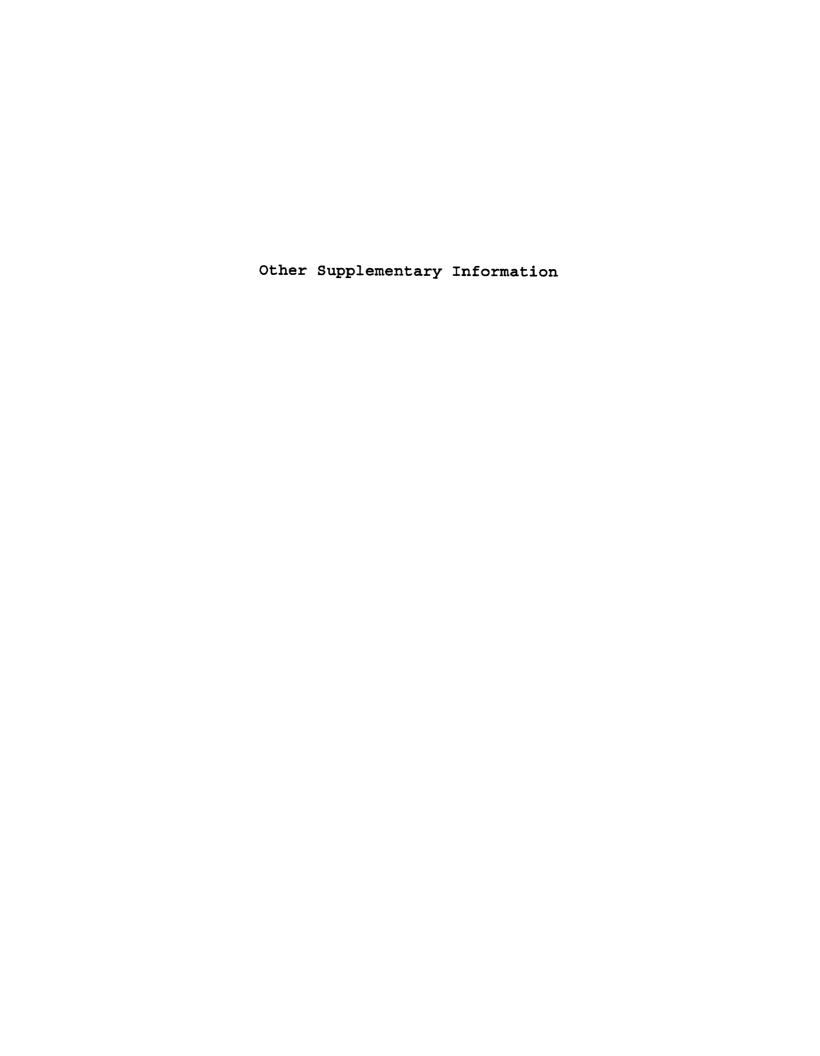
During the year ended June 30, 2010, expenditures in the instruction and non-instructional programs functions exceeded the amounts budgeted. The District did not exceed the General Fund unspent authorized budget.

Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan (In Thousands)

Required Supplementary Information

			Actuarial				UAAL as a
		Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage
Year	Actuarial	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Ended	Valuation	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
June 30,	Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
2010	Jul 1, 2009	\$0	\$118	\$118	0.0%	\$2,265	5.2%

See Note 8 in the accompanying Notes to Financial Statements for the plan description, funding policy, annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation, funded status and funding progress.



Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Activity Accounts

Year ended June 30, 2010

Account	Вед	alance ginning Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Balance End of Year
Instrumental Music	\$	-	282	27	255
Vocal Music		7,690	5,444	3,769	9,365
Computers for Education		1,581	_	· -	1,581
Drama		3,589	916	445	4,060
Athletics		_	15,482	15,482	-
Middle School Fund		3,099	20,831	23,328	602
Industrial Technology		20	· =	· -	20
Consumer Science		666	_	_	666
Eighth Grade		4,471	_	-	4,471
Interest		118	66	16	168
School Store		1,124	_	-	1,124
Pop Machine		2,209	1,999	2,303	1,905
Student Council		-	327	327	-,,,,,
Tag		-	55	55	_
Elementary Fund		-	300	300	-
	-	24,567	45,702	46,052	24,217
Less interaccount transfers			(4,947)	(4,947)	
Total	\$	24,567	40,755	41,105	24,217

Schedule of Changes in Private Purpose Trusts

Year ended June 30, 2010

		lance jinning			Balance End of
Account	<u>of</u>	Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Year
Harms Scholarship	\$	5,268	32	175	5,125
Allison-Bristow Scholarship		(102)	1,731	1,575	54
North Scholarship		1,852	1	300	1,553
Boylan Scholarship		35,379	39	250	35,168
Legion Scholarship		908	_	100	808
Total	\$	43,305	1,803	2,400	42,708

Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function All Governmental Funds

For the Last Seven Years

			Modif	Modified Accrual B	Basis		
	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Revenues:							
Local sources:							
Local tax	\$1,513,456	\$1,522,909	1,500,282	1,660,861	1,581,306	1,531,264	1.359.685
Tuition	351,580	404,572	247,392	250,219	178,363	199,930	502/522/-
Other	75,352	83,435	118,721	109,571	146,600	131,444	151,772
State sources	1,394,580	1,534,444	1,497,307	1,390,125	1,369,787	1,321,494	1.244.430
Federal sources	273,370	111,215	72,220	117,408	112,255	105,555	125,878
Total	\$3,608,338	3,656,575	3,435,922	3,528,184	3,388,311	3,289,687	3,104,974
Expenditures:							
Instruction	\$2,490,678	\$2,376,175	2,038,611	1,983,683	1,883,688	1.818.221	1,921,083
Support services:					•		200
Student	8,039	644	5,410	3,097	4,140	11.054	41 941
Instructional staff	82,904	132,753	90,194	88,100	85,184	56,913	87,642
Administration	458,942	445,698	399,939	410,814	412,358	505,929	357,173
Operation and maintenance							
of plant	294,266	423,290	290,294	451,878	289,286	267,208	269,653
Transportation	188,037	173,300	185,754	172,154	175,574	287,502	168,884
Non-instructional programs	1	5,158	4,540	1,965	1,923	11,230	20.059
Other expenditures:					•		
Facilities acquisition	1	20,991	507,823	49,610	ı	51,602	7.262
Debt service:							
Principal	000'09	60,000	55,000	206,038	241,038	231,038	180,000
Interest and services	24,811	27,241	27,188	7,330	15,968	19,858	31,577
AEA flowthrough	129,679	104,703	102,478	99,964	97,375	97,069	98,735
Total	\$3,737,356	3,769,953	3,707,231	3,474,633	3,206,534	3,357,624	3,184,009

BRUCE D. FRINK

Certified Public Accountant

Member:

- American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
- Iowa Society of Certified Public Accountants

Services:

- Individual, Partnership and Corporate Tax Preparation
- Year Round Tax Planning
- Electronic Filing
- Payroll & Sales Tax Preparation
- · I.R.S. Representation
- Monthly/Quarterly Write-Up
- Data Processing Services
- Payroll Preparation
- Computerized Financial Statements
- Bank Loan Assistance

Plus:

- Over 30 years of Expertise and Experience
- Evenings & Saturdays Available by Appointment
- Extended Hours During Tax Season

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Education of the Allison-Bristow Community School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Allison-Bristow Community School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated January 17, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Allison-Bristow Community School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of Allison-Bristow Community School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Allison-Bristow Community School District's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and, therefore, there can be no assurance all deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of the control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control described in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items I-A-10 and I-B-10 to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We identified no items which we consider to be significant deficiencies.

202 Central Avenue East P.O. Box 241 Clarion, IA 50525 Phone: (515) 532-6659 Fax: (515) 532-3677 bruce@frinkcpa.com

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Allison-Bristow Community School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards. However, we noted certain instances of non-compliance or other matters that are described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2010 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the District. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

Allison-Bristow Community School District's responses to findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. While we have expressed our conclusions on the District's responses, we did not audit Allison-Bristow Community School District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of Allison-Bristow Community School District and other parties to whom Allison-Bristow Community School District may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Allison-Bristow Community School District during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

BRUCE D. FRINK

Certified Public Accountant

Bruce D. Frik

January 17, 2011

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2010

Part I: Findings Related to the General Purpose Financial Statements:

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were reported.

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES

I-A-10 SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

Comment - During our review of the internal control structure, the existing procedures are evaluated in order to determine that incompatible duties, from a control standpoint, are not performed by the same employee. This segregation of duties helps to prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and therefore maximizes the accuracy of the District's financial statements. We noted that one individual has custody of receipts and performs all record-keeping and reconciling functions for the office.

Recommendation - We realize that with a limited number of office employees, segregation of duties is difficult. However, the District should review the operating procedures of the office to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances.

Response - We will review procedures and investigate available alternatives.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

II-B-10 Auditor Drafting of the Financial Statements and Related Footnote Disclosures

Comment - As in prior years, we were requested to draft the audited financial statements and related footnote disclosures as part of our regular audit services. SAS 115, an auditing standard from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, requires auditors to communicate this situation as an internal control deficiency. Ultimately, it is management's responsibility to provide for the preparation of the District's statements and footnotes, and the responsibility of the auditor to determine the fairness of the presentation of those statements. From a practical standpoint we do both for you at the same time in connection with our audit. This is not unusual for us to do this with organizations of your size. However, based on this auditing standard, it is our responsibility to inform you that this deficiency could result in a misstatement to the financial statements that could have been prevented or detected by the District's management. As in prior years, we have instructed management to review a draft of the auditor prepared financial statements in detail for their accuracy, we have answered any questions they might have, and encouraged research of any accounting guidance in connection with the adequacy and appropriateness of classification and disclosure in your financial statements. We are satisfied that the appropriate steps have been taken to provide you with the completed financial statements.

Recommendation - It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations.

Response - We feel our review of the draft financials is adequate for us to accept this risk.

<u>Conclusion</u> - Response accepted.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2010

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

II-A-10 Certified Budget - Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2010, exceeded the amended certified budget amounts in the instruction and non-instructional programs functions.

Recommendation - The certified budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 24.9 of the Code of Iowa before expenditures were allowed to exceed the budget.

Response - Future budgets will be amended in sufficient amounts to ensure the certified budget is not exceeded.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- Ouestionable Expenditures No expenditures that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
- II-C-10 Travel Expense No expenditures of District money for travel expenses of spouses of District officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted.
- II-D-10 <u>Business Transactions</u> No business transactions between the District and District officials or employees were noted.
- II-E-10 Bond Coverage Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- II-F-10 <u>Board Minutes</u> No transactions requiring Board approval which had not been approved by the Board were noted.
- II-G-10 Deposits and Investments No instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the District's investment policy were noted.
- II-H-10 <u>Certified Annual Report</u> The Certified Annual Report was certified timely to the Department of Education.
- ${\tt II-I-10}$ ${\tt Certified\ Enrollment}$ No variances in the basic enrollment data certified to the Department of Education were noted.
- II-J-10 Supplementary Weighting No variances regarding the supplementary weighting certified to the Iowa Department of Education were noted.
- II-K-10 Categorical Funding No instances were noted of categorical funding being used to supplant rather than supplement other funds.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2010

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting: (continued):

II-L-10 Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax - No instances of non-compliance with the use of the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue provisions of Chapter 423F.3 of the Code of Iowa were noted.

Pursuant to Chapter 423F.5 of the Code of Iowa, the annual audit is required to include certain reporting elements related to the statewide sales, services and use tax. For the year ended June 30, 2010, the District's financial activity and other required information for the statewide sales, services and use tax are as follows:

Beginning balance	\$ -
Statewide sales, services and use tax revenue	109,467
Expenditures/transfers out: School infrastructure:	
Equipment \$24,656 Debt service for school infrastructure:	
Revenue debt 84,811	109,467
Ending balance	\$

The statewide sales, services and use tax revenue received during the year ended June 30, 2010 is equivalent to a reduction in the following levies:

	Per \$1,000 Of Taxable Valuation	Property Tax Dollars
Property plant and equipment levy	\$1.00	\$89,494
Debt Service	.22	19,973